



ENG-411

Concurrent Engineering of Space Missions

Source: ESA



Lecture 3 - Subsystems and COMET



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Session's goal

- Subsystems presentation
 - Resources
 - Calculation sheets
- COMET Tutorial
 - Introduction
 - Roles & domains
 - Model
 - Ownership & subscription
 - Three switch mechanism
 - Excel add-in
- Questions?



Data exchange

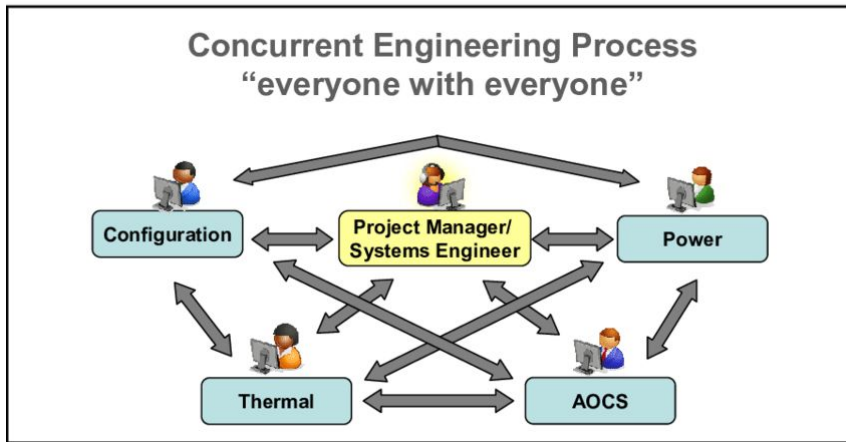
History at ESA:

< 2006: Integrated Design Model (IDM) in MS Excel

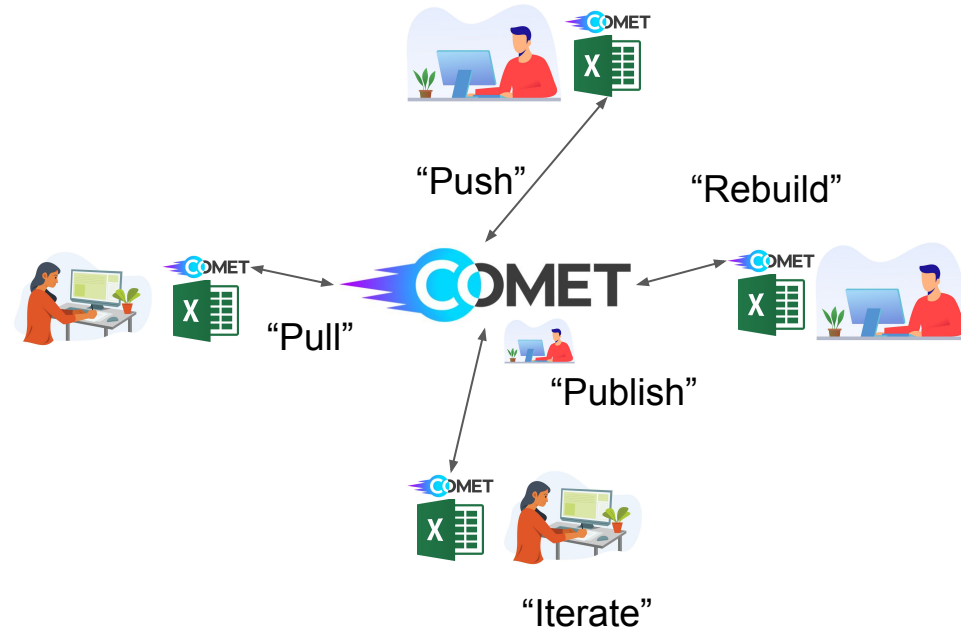
< 2022: Open Concurrent Design Tool (OCDT)

→ Now: **COMET** Integrated Modelling Environment (IME)

Others: eg. [Valispace](#), and many more



Source: Volker Maiwald et al. (2010) "DLR Feasibility Study SolmeX - CE Study Report"



Subsystems

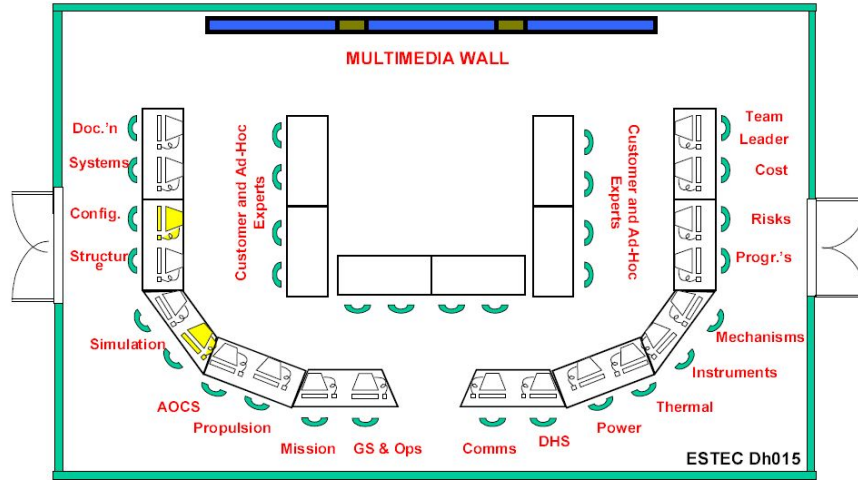
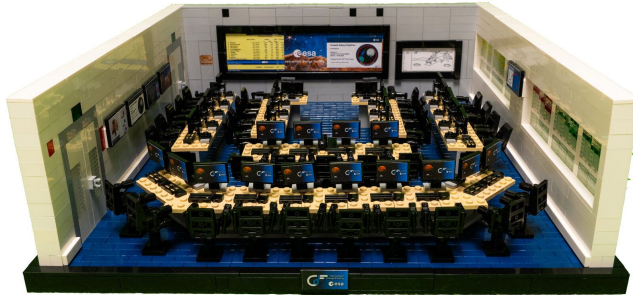


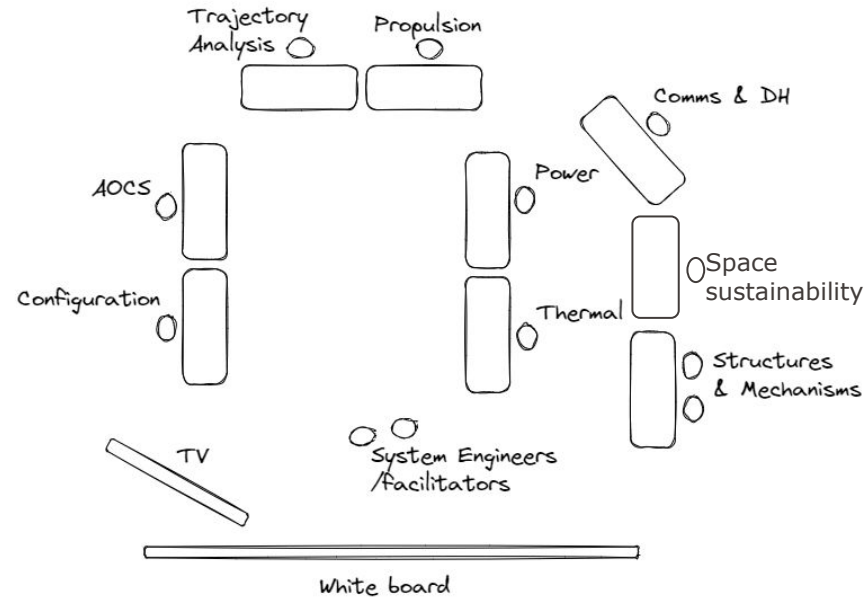
Figure 3 - The ESA/ESTEC Concurrent Design Facility Layout
 M. Bandecchi et alii, "The ESA/ESTEC Concurrent Design Facility", proceedings of EuSEC 2000



ESA's Concurrent Design Facility in LEGO (see official instructions [here](#))



eSpace's layout



Expected results per sub-systems

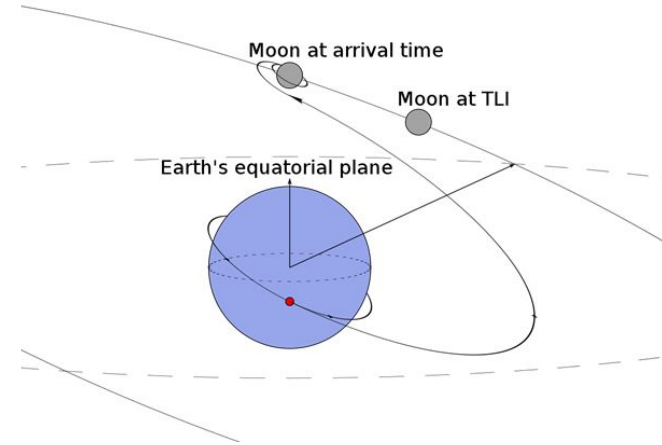
Trajectory / Mission analysis

- Define and update the orbit and transfers of the spacecraft
- Define DeltaV over lifetime, DeltaV budget to be refined with systems team
- Calculate ground station contact time
- Calculate eclipse duration
- End of life management, support debris risks
- Support payload choice

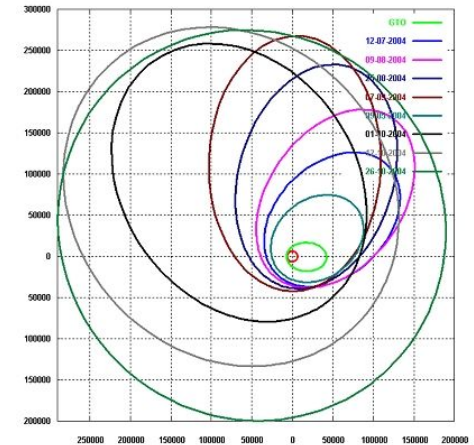


[General Mission Analysis Tool \(GMAT\)](#).
Use case [here](#).

Or [SPICE](#) tool with its [python wrapper](#)



[Example of a trans-lunar injection](#)



[SMART-1 OSCULATING ORBIT](#)

Expected results per sub-systems

Structures & Mechanisms

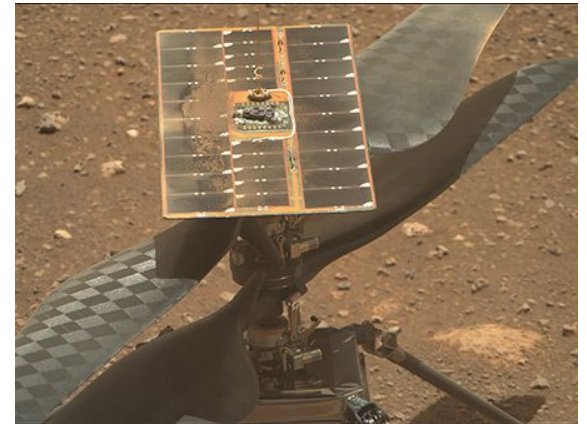
- Define the structure depending on the configuration
- Estimate the structural mass and the loads
- Separation mechanisms for companion spacecraft(s)
- Solar Array drive mechanisms
- Identify possible need for other mechanisms
- Mechanism design
- Mass budget of the subsystem



[D_Orbit's Ion satellite carrier](#)



[Beyond Gravity, platform mechatronics](#)

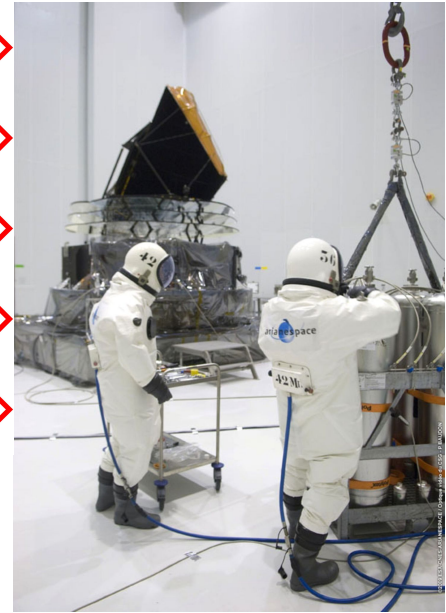


[Maxon's motor for the Ingenuity mars helicopter](#)

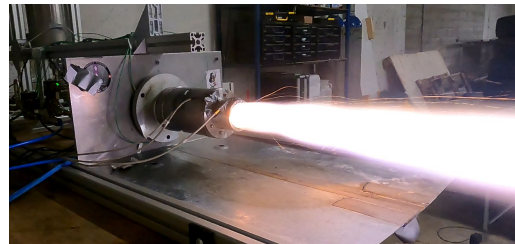
Expected results per sub-systems

Propulsion

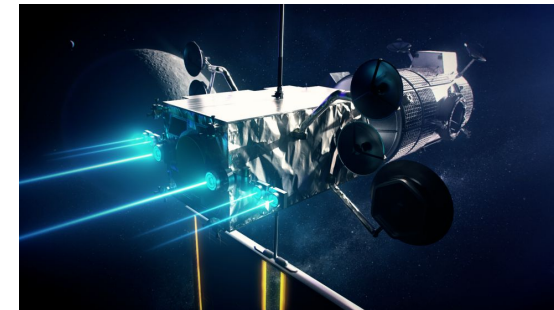
- Based on the DeltaV necessary for the mission, define the propulsion system:
 - Propulsion type (Chemical vs. electrical?)
 - Propellant type (“Green” propellant?)
 - Type of thrusters, sizing
 - Type of tanks, materials, sizing
 - Pipes (passivation?)
- Compute and update subsystem mass (also considering wet/dry mass)
- Subsystem power budget



["Green" satellite fuel - ESA](#)



Credit: EPFL Rocket Team



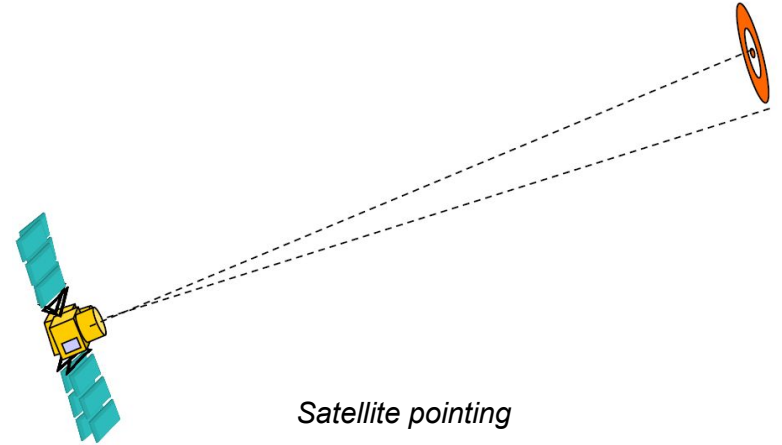
[Electrical Propulsion blog article - NASA](#)

Expected results per sub-systems

Attitude and Orbit Control System (AOCS)

Select equipment based on pointing requirements and attitude control requirements

- Sensors
 - Star Trackers
 - Sun sensor
 - Gyrometer
 - Navigation camera
 - ...
- Actuators:
 - Reaction wheels
 - Control moment gyroscopes
 - Thrusters
 - Solar sailing
 - ...
- Subsystem mass and power budget



[Star tracker - SODERN](#)



[CubeSat Magnetorquer](#)



[Reaction Wheel - Gomspace](#)

Expected results per sub-systems

CDHS (Communication and Data Handling Systems)

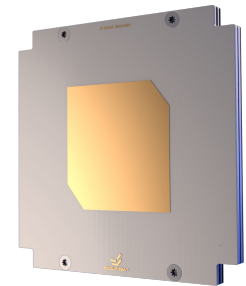
- Define the equipment needed based on the data rates needed for ground station contact and ISL (also considering the redundancies)
 - Antenna(s)
 - S band
 - P band
 - Inter satellite link
 - Mass Memory
 - Define the OBDH hardware
- Define the link budget
- Define mass and power budgets



[Bunny-1 On Board Computer - EPFL Spacecraft Team](#)



[GOMspace NanoMind A3200](#)

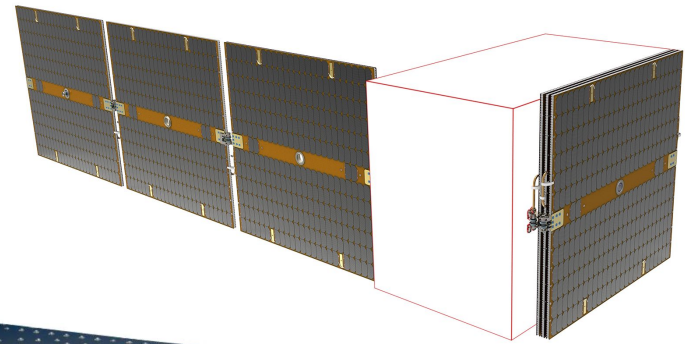


[S band patch antenna - EnduroSat](#)

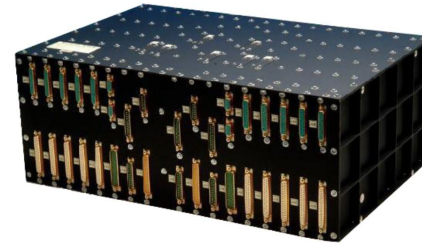
Expected results per sub-systems

Power

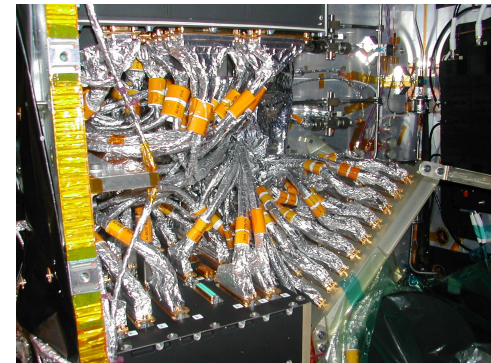
- Design equipment based on the total power budget in the satellite
 - Solar array design and sizing
 - Battery (primary, secondary)
 - PCDU
 - Cable harness
- Power budget for the different modes to be made with systems team and experts
- Electrical passivation of the spacecraft
- Output and update the sub-system mass, communicate it with the systems team



[Satellite solar panels - Sparkwing](#)



Power Conditioning and Distribution Unit, copernicus satellite

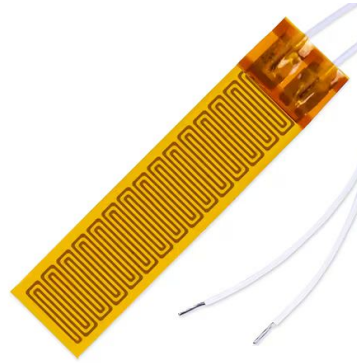


[Inside the right wall of Mars Express](#). Credit: ESA

Expected results per sub-systems

Thermal

- Compute the thermal balance
- Help configuration with the placement of equipment with difficult thermal requirement
- Define the thermal equipment
 - MLI
 - Paint
 - Heat pipes
 - Radiators
 - Heaters
 - Coolers
 -
- Define and update sub-system power and mass budget



Polyimide Heater - OMEGA



Cryocooler for James Webb Space Telescope - NASA

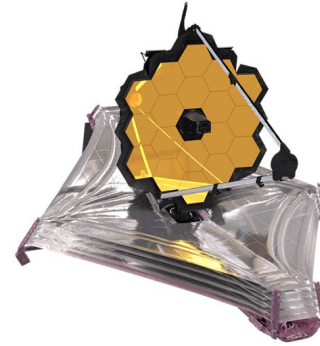


Multi-Layer Insulation (MLI)

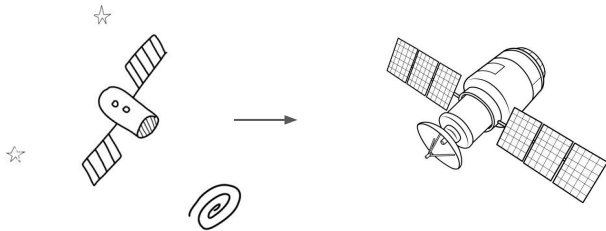
Expected results per sub-systems

Configuration

- Close to systems engineering
- Create the configurations of the spacecraft
- Define the location of the equipment in the satellite
- Determine the Mol and CoG
- Verify external interfaces

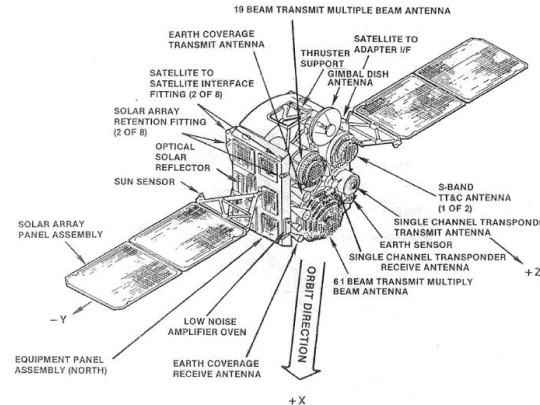


<https://www.nasa.gov/feature/goddard/2020/first-look-nasa-s-ia-mes-webb-space-telescope-fully-stowed>



<https://www.istockphoto.com>

DIAGRAM OF THE DCS III SATELLITE



<https://commons.wikimedia.org>

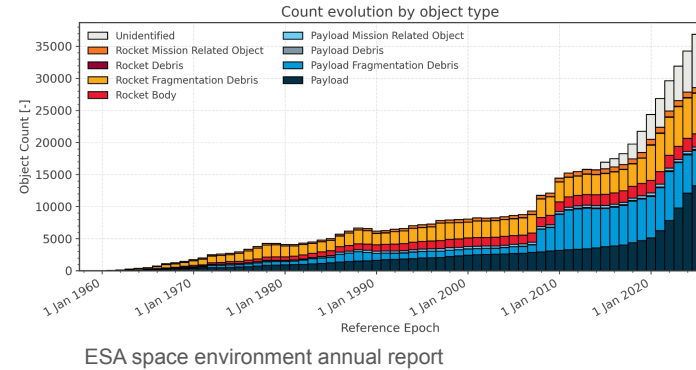
→ A coherent configuration schematized in a simple manner* is preferred over a CAD model that would be hard to iterate on.

Expected results per sub-systems

Sustainability

- Close collaboration with systems engineering
- Space debris risks and end-of-life management
- Criterias about impacts on Earth environment
 - Life cycle inventory
 - Duplicate model on LCA software ([Activity Browser](#))
 - Ecodesign choices
 - Launcher selection
- Sustainability benefits *from* the space mission ?

Martin Lemaire (PdS)



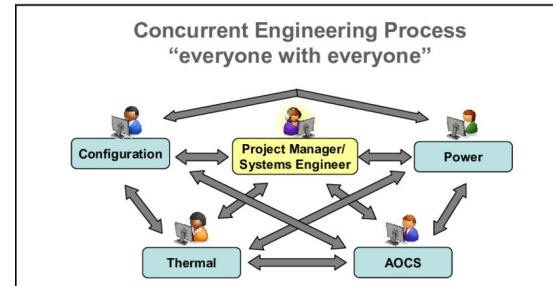
<https://blogs.esa.int/cleanspace/>

Expected results



Systems engineering

- Translate needs into requirements
- Update mission ConOps
- Keep track of technical assumptions
- Coordinate all subsystems
 - Manage the Push (submit) → publish → pull (synchronise) loop on COMET
- Manage the mass (and cost) budgets (+ support power, link, data budgets)
- Identify and quantify risks
- Choose payload characteristics



Source: Volker Maiwald et al. (2010) "DLR Feasibility Study SolmeX - CE Study Report"

Subsystems summary

Subsystems	Calculation sheets	User manual
Trajectory / Mission analysis	ESA	
Configuration	-	
Structures & Mechanisms	2x ESA	
Propulsion	ESA	✓
Attitude and Orbit Control System (AOCS)	ESA	✓
Communication and Data Handling Systems (CDHS)	2x ESA + eSpace	✓
Power	ESA	✓
Thermal	ESA	
Sustainability*	-	

Each ESA file has:

- Cover
- Change log
- Objectives
- Product tree
- Trade-off
- (Constants)

Require values *from* COMET
Outputs values *to* COMET

How

Team

You will be ALL part of the same **team**.

Your team will be tasked with the design of a **mission** and provided with a **data pack** (i.e., basic background information about the design problem and selected resources).

This is a **cooperative challenge**.

On the last day of the course, your team will **present its own final mission design**.

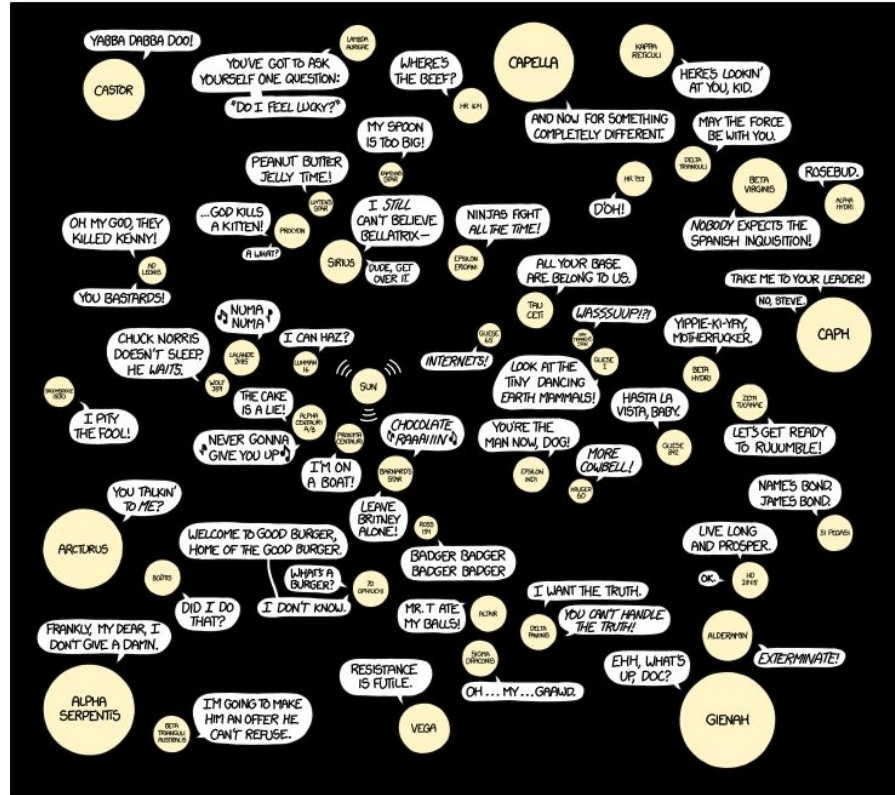
There are no right or wrong solutions.

Specialty
System Engineering
Propulsion
C&DH
AOCS
Configuration
Thermal
Structures & Mechanisms
Power
Trajectory Analysis
<i>(Sustainability)</i>

Roles will be assigned next week (trying to fulfill [your preference](#))

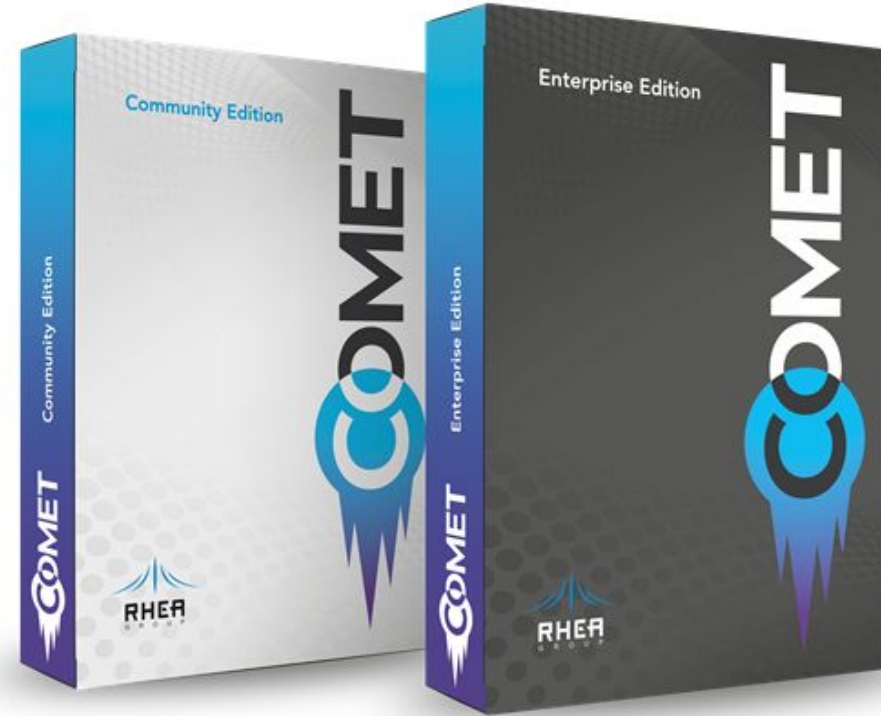


IF OTHER STAR SYSTEMS ARE LISTENING IN ON OUR POP CULTURE,
GIVEN THE SPEED-OF-LIGHT DELAY, THESE ARE THE JOKEES AND CATCHPHRASES
THEY JUST LEARNED ABOUT AND ARE CURRENTLY REPEATING WAY TOO MUCH:



COMET Tutorial

- Introduction
- Roles & domains
- Model
- Ownership & subscription
- Three switch mechanism
- Excel add-in



COMET - a hub & spoke software

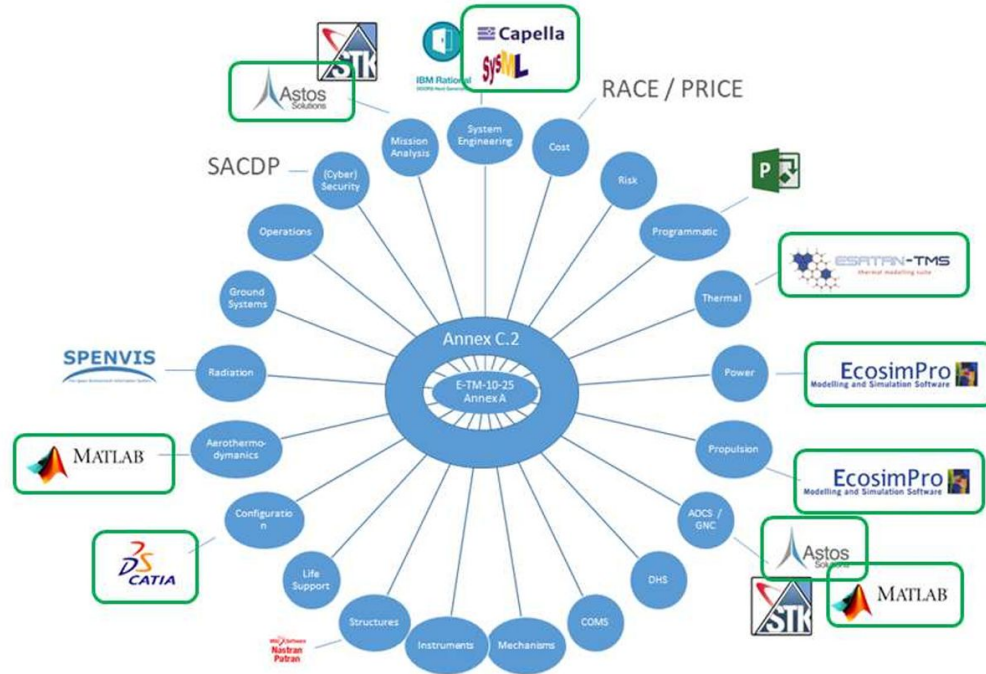


Figure 2: Digital Engineering Hub

Source: Starion Group's COMET CDP4 manual (version 29/08/2024)

COMET - Public server

A public server

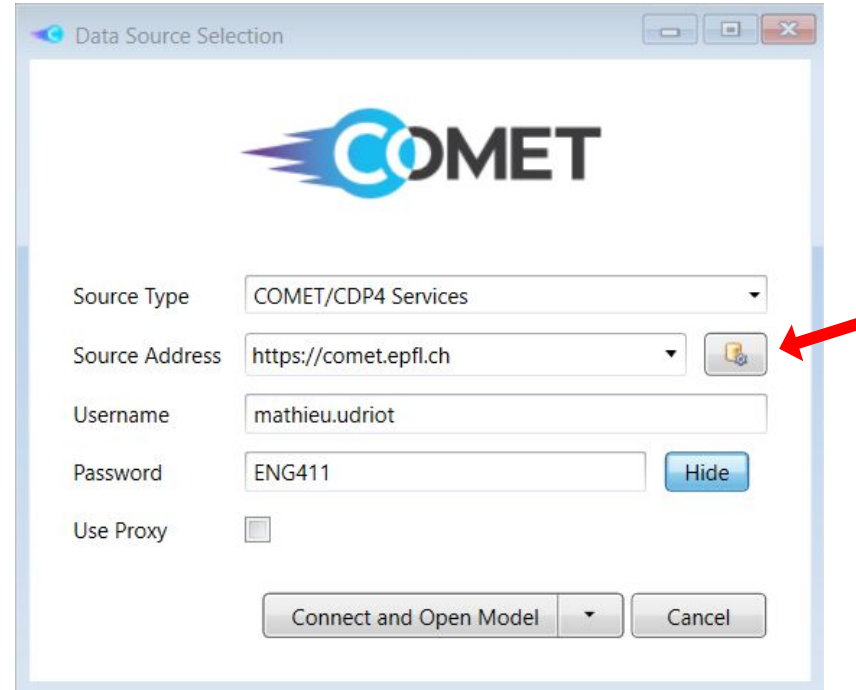
Login




- Username: admin
- Password: pass

Connect to the model (<https://comet.epfl.ch>)


Activate auto refresh

A screenshot of a software dialog box titled "Data Source Selection". The dialog features the COMET logo at the top center. Below the logo, there are several input fields: "Source Type" is a dropdown menu set to "COMET/CDP4 Services"; "Source Address" is a dropdown menu set to "https://comet.epfl.ch" with a gear icon to its right, which is pointed to by a red arrow; "Username" is a text field containing "mathieu.udriot"; "Password" is a text field containing "ENG411" with a "Hide" button to its right; and "Use Proxy" is a checkbox that is currently unchecked. At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Connect and Open Model" and "Cancel".


Data Source Selection




Source Type: COMET/CDP4 Services

Source Address: https://comet.epfl.ch 

Username: mathieu.udriot

Password: ENG411 

Use Proxy:

Connect and Open Model  Cancel

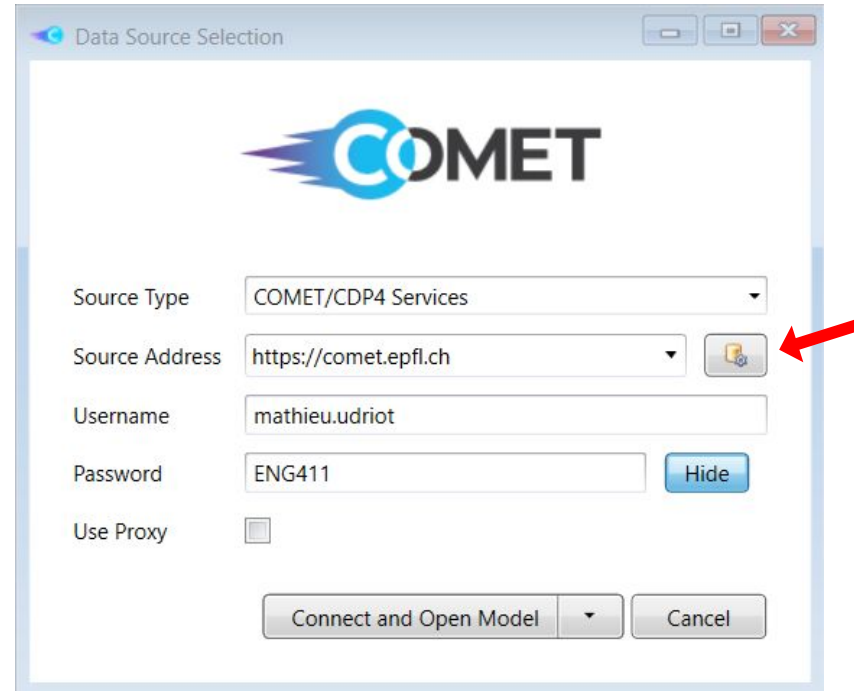
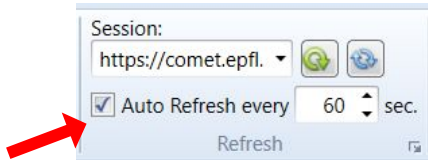
COMET tutorial - Introduction

Login 

- name.surname
- Password: ENG411

Connect to the model (<https://comet.epfl.ch>)

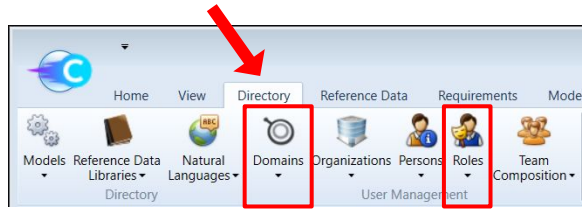
Activate auto refresh



COMET Usernames & subsystems

Name	COMET user name
Alexandre Rafael Aires Viegas	alexandre.airesviegas
Jehan Névé Marc Corcelle	jehan.corcelle
Daniel Simon Christoph Gann	daniel.gann
Aurélien Genin	aurelien.genin
Adam Neale Antonin Lecroart	adam.lecroart
Martin Jacques-Yves Lemaire	martin.lemaire
Yijun Liu	yijun.liu
William Martin	william.martin
Aubin Louis Gérard Mercier	aubin.mercier
Tom Lennart Rathjens	tom.rathjens
Alexis Guillaume Sylvain Ruprecht	alexis.ruprecht
Samuel Arthur Wahba	samuel.wahba

COMET tutorial - Roles & domains



Person Roles for COMET Site (permission on COMET server)

- CD Team members
- Site administrators

Participant Roles per Engineering Model

- Domain experts (subsystems)
- Design authority (systems engineers)
- Model administrators

Domains

- The existing subsystems / expertise →

Name	Short Name
Aerothermodynamics	AER
Attitude and Orbit Control	AOC
Attitude and Orbit Guidance, Navigation and Control	AOGNC
Communications	COM
Configuration	CON
Cost Engineering	COS
Data-Handling	DHS
Descent and Landing System	DLS
Electric Propulsion	ELPRO
Electro-Magnetic Compatibility	EMC
Entry, Descent and Landing	EDL
Ground Systems Engineering	GS
Guidance, Navigation and Control	GNC
Instruments	INS
Life Support	LS
Mechanisms	MEC
Mission Analysis	MIS
Power	PWR
Programmatics	PROG
Propulsion	PRO
Pyrotechnics	PYR
Radiation	RAD
Risk Management	RISK
Robotics	ROB
Simulation	SIM
Structures	STR
System Engineering	SYS
Thermal	THE
Thermal Protection System	TPS
Trajectory	TRA

COMET tutorial - Models & building blocks

“Model” = “physical or abstract representation used for calculations, predictions or further assessment”

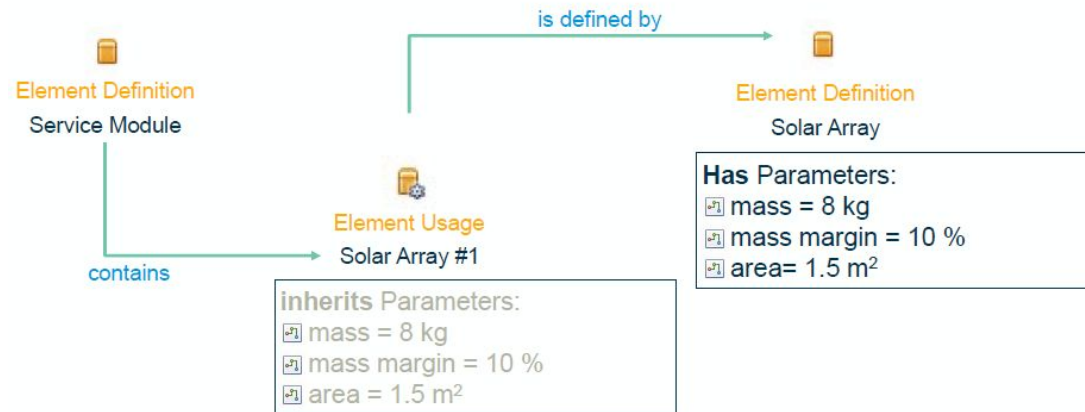
- ECSS-S-ST-00-01C

In COMET: a model is made with **elements definitions** (=~classes)

Elements definitions are characterized by **parameters** (type mass, volume, etc. and unit)

There can be several similar elements used in a model (**element usage** in the product tree =~instances)

Reference data library (RDL) to hold predefined generic data (types, units, scales, categories, etc.)



COMET Tutorial - Elements definition



Reference data > Parameter types



Model > Element Definitions

The screenshot shows the COMET software interface. On the left, the 'Parameter Types' window is open, displaying a table of parameter types. On the right, the 'Element Definitions' window is open, displaying a table of element definitions. Red arrows point to the 'Parameter Types' window, the 'Element Definitions' window, the 'solar panel' element, the 'Owner' column, and the 'MANUAL' switch.

Name	Short Name	Symbol	Default Scale	Type	Container RDL
data rate	data_rate	data_rate	kbit/s	DerivedQuantityKind	Generic_RDL
data volume	data_volume	data_volume	MiByte	DerivedQuantityKind	Generic_RDL
date	date	date		DateParameterType	Generic_RDL
datetime	datetime	datetime		DateTimeParamete...	Generic_RDL
degree of linear pol...	degLinPol	degLinPol	-	SpecializedQuantit...	Generic_RDL
delta-v	delta_v	Δv	m/s	SpecializedQuantit...	Generic_RDL
delta-v to change t...	delta_v_change_traj	Δv_change_traj	m/s	SpecializedQuantit...	Generic_RDL
delta-v to control a...	delta_v_control_att	Δv_control_att	m/s	SpecializedQuantit...	Generic_RDL
dew point vapour	Td	Td	K	SpecializedQuantit...	Generic_RDL
diameter	d	d	m	SpecializedQuantit...	Generic_RDL

Name	Options	Owner	Published Value	Scale	Switch	Computed	Manual	Reference
solar panel		PWR						
dry mass		SYS	-	kg	MANUAL	-	-	-

1. Go to Model > Element Definitions
2. Create new element definition (All Element Definitions are made on the same level)
3. (Open Reference data > Parameter types, create new parameter types)
4. Drag and drop parameter types, see **owner**
5. Can still modify or inspect
6. Select value switch
 - Manual: Your **initial** best guess
 - Computed: Value based on analysis or **datasheet**
 - Reference: Value to be used for comparison (rarely used)

COMET Tutorial - Elements usage

The screenshot displays the COMET software interface. At the top, a navigation bar includes tabs for Home, View, Directory, Reference Data, Requirements, and Model. Below this, a toolbar contains icons for Element Definitions, Product Tree, Options, Finite States, Publications, Parameter to State Mapper, Relationships, and Relationship Matrix. A red arrow points to the 'Requirements' tab.

The main window is split into two panes. The left pane, titled 'Element Definitions', shows a table of system elements. The right pane, titled 'Product Tree, Option 1', shows a hierarchical tree structure of the system.

Element Definitions Table:

Name	Options	Owner	Published	Value	Scale	Switch	Computed	Manual	Reference
solar panel		SYS							
Solar panel structure		SYS							
length		SYS	-		m	MANUAL	-	-	-
mass		SYS	-		kg	MANUAL	-	-	-
dry mass		SYS	-		kg	MANUAL	-	4	4
test mission		SYS							
solar panel		SYS							
solar panel		SYS							
dry mass		SYS	-		kg	MANUAL	-	4	4
orbit type		SYS	-		-	MANUAL	-	-	-
Solar panel structure		SYS							
length		SYS	-		m	MANUAL	-	-	-
mass		SYS	-		kg	MANUAL	-	-	-

Product Tree, Option 1:

- test mission
 - orbit type
 - solar panel : solar panel
 - dry mass
 - Solar panel structure : ...
 - length
 - mass
 - solar panel : solar panel
 - dry mass
 - Solar panel structure : ...
 - length
 - mass

1. Open Element definitions and Product tree
2. SEs set the **top element** (mission test)
3. Drag and drop element definitions (to product tree or other element definition)

COMET tutorial - Ownership & subscription

Element Definitions are the building blocks of a COMET model, **owned** by the Domain of Expertise that has created it

→ Responsible to keep it up to date

A **parameter** is always **owned** by one Domain of Expertise

→ Responsible for its existence and for keeping it up to date

→ It can be used - **Subscribed to** - by other Domains of Expertise

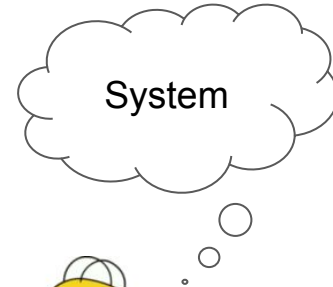


Right click > Subscribe to this parameter

Element usages inherit and change automatically

Which parameters do you need ?

Which one do you own that the others need ?



COMET tutorial - Three switch mechanism



Gate (systems engineer verification)

(1st Rebuild on Excel) → Iterate → Push (submit) → publish → pull (synchronise)



When do we publish? (by Design Authority)

- At the end of a session
- (At the end of a Domain Expert's presentation)
- On request

Best practice: alert people when your data is updated
(pushed, ready to publish)



COMET tutorial - Excel add-in

Log to COMET from Excel add-in

Open the model

Server path: <https://comet.epfl.ch>

Note: do not add “www”

The screenshot shows the COMET Excel add-in interface. The ribbon includes 'COMET' with sub-panels for 'Data Source', 'Models', 'Info', and 'Iteration'. The 'COMET' tab is highlighted with a red arrow. Below the ribbon, a form is visible with fields for 'Source Type' (COMET/CDP4 Services), 'Source Address' (http://comet.epfl.ch), 'Username' (mathieu.udriot), and 'Password' (ENG411). A red arrow points to the 'Source Address' field. To the right, a 'Rebuild' button is highlighted with a red box and a red arrow.

“Rebuild” to create the Parameters and Option sheets

“Synchronize” to **pull** data

“Submit” to **push** → The outputs (Parameter values) are transferred to COMET via the Parameters worksheet

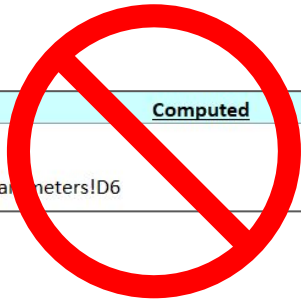
COMET tutorial - Excel add-in

How to iterate:

- Rebuild (or synchronise if rebuilt already)
- See “owned” and “subscribed to” parameters
- Compute values of **owned** parameters
- Create a **stable** link to the Parameter sheet → use [symbolic cell names](#) !
- Fill the “Computed” and “Manual” field of the target parameter
- Toggle switch
- Submit to COMET
- Publication by design authority



Name	Computed	Manual
solar panel dry mass	=Parameters!D6	4



Name	Computed	Manual
solar panel dry mass	=solar_panel_mass	4

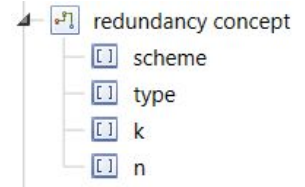


YES

COMET tutorial - Advanced modelling

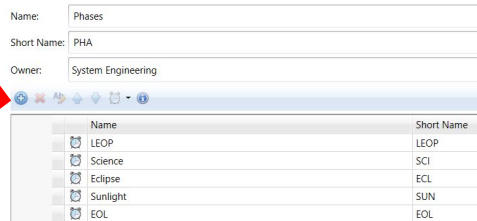
Redundancy concept parameter includes:

- red_ **scheme** (hot - all units are on, or cold - k units on)
- red_ **type** (internal - redundant units all in single package, or external - explicit)
- **k_out_of_n_items** : number of units needed for nominal operation
- **n_items** : total number of units in system

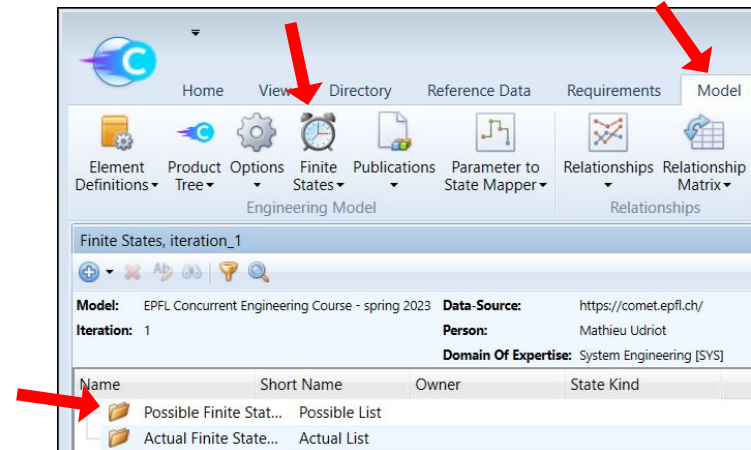


State dependency:

- Create list of **possible** finite states



- Define list of **actual** finite states
 - Select 2 or more possible lists
 - Change state kind to “forbidden” is not allowed
- Define parameter state-dependant value




CDF wiki and report

Connect to <https://cdf.epfl.ch/> to edit

- name.surname@epfl.ch
- ENG411

Go to “[previous CE studies → ENG-411 2025 study report](#)”

How to write the report:

- [Markdown language](#) 
- Each subsystem has its report section
- Keep track of iterations, justify decisions
- Executive summary to be written at the end
- Technical lessons learnt = main takeaways for future, similar studies

ENG-411 2023 study report

Subtitle/Mission/Subsystem Name


Report Status

Version: D01

Reviewed by: xx

Review date: xx/xx/2023

Review status: X TO-DO

 For reference on how to fill the different sections of the report, check the [DUMBO mission study report](#).

 Avoid as much as possible duplicating information between sections.

 The executive summary must be a standalone, self-explanatory section of the report.

[Write here a short abstract describing the context of this study.]

The following contains all the relevant informing resulting from this study, from the [context](#) and [mission objectives](#) to [lessons learned](#).

For a list of terms and acronyms often used, check the [Glossary](#) section.

[Add mission patch here]

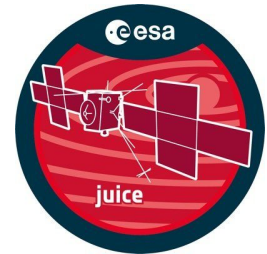
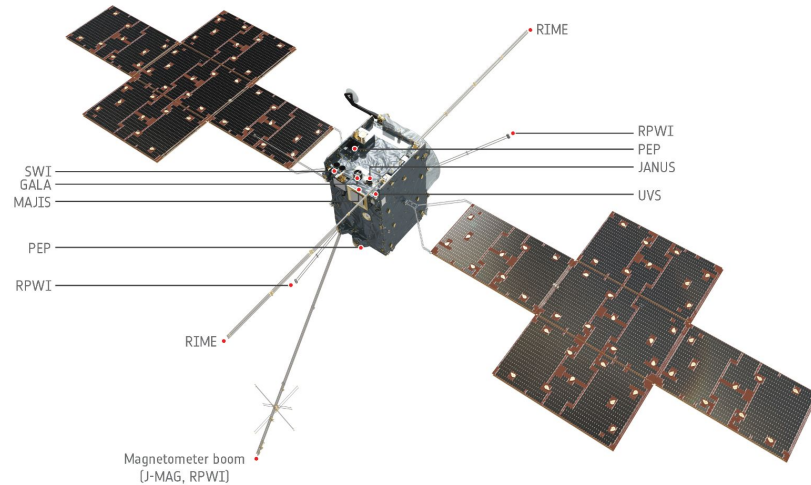
This study was performed at eSpace Concurrent Design Facility by the following team:

Name	Affiliation	Role
Name LastName	eSpace	Team Leader/Facilitator
Name LastName	eSpace	Team Leader/Facilitator
Name LastName	EPFL	Attitude & Orbit Control (AOC)
Name LastName	EPFL	Communications & Data Handling (CDH)
Name LastName	EPFL	<i>[Add as many disciplines as required]</i>



Wrap up

- Summary of subsystems making the team and the available tools
- Remind concurrent process - three switch mechanism: **push, publish, pull**
- Where to find the COMET user guide:
 - Here is the [2024 version of the User Guide](#)
 - Or (if the above link does not work), go to [COMET's Github page](#), and find the hyperlink to the User Guide in the README



[JUICE mission](#): launch planned on April 13th 2023, was studied in the CDF in 2005 (as “Laplace”, [see poster](#))



Any questions?

Parting thoughts

First time this course is given at EPFL. There will be things to improve and polish.

We need your feedback!

We are here to help YOU learn. Anything you may need help with or on your mind on how to make the course better, let us know.

Contact: david.rodriquez@epfl.ch

[office hours in PPH 335, every Wed.
09:00-11:00/14:00-16:00]